

### MEDICAL ENTOMOLOGY - QUARTERLY REPORT for SOUTH METRO APR - JUN 2019

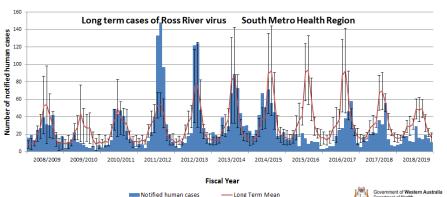


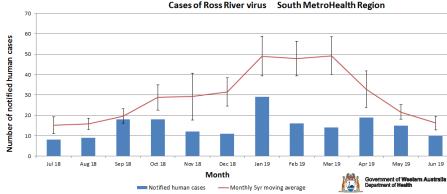
Data reflected in this summary of mosquito-borne disease in the South Metro Region is taken from the Western Australia Notifiable Infectious Disease Database (WANIDD) and includes enhanced surveillance data collected by Population Health Units and Local Governments. (Only locations with notified cases of disease are shown in tables and figures).

Ross River virus (RRV) There was a total of 44 RRV cases notified by lab, including 22 from Metro (10 also notified by doctor, 3 follow up surveys received) and 22 from SW-Peel (6 also notified by doctor, follow up data are available for the case from Pinjarra). During 2018/19 there was a total of 179 cases (73 Metro & 106 SW- Peel) which was significantly below the long term monthly mean for all months except September 2018 when it was within the normal range.

RRV 2019	Apr	Мау	Jun	Total
Metro	8			22
Armadale (C)	1	1	1	3
HARRISDALE	1			1
PIARA WATERS			1	1
SEVILLE GROVE		1		1
Belmont (C)	1			1
KEWDALE	1			1
Canning (C)		3		1 3 1 2 5 1 1 2 1 2
CANNINGTON		1		1
WILLETTON		2		2
Cockburn (C)	2	2	1	5
AUBIN GROVE		1		1
JANDAKOT	1			1
SUCCESS	1		1	2
YANGEBUP		1		1
Gosnells (C)		2	2	
GOSNELLS		1		1
KENWICK			1	1
MADDINGTON			1	1
THORNLIE		1		1
Melville (C)	1		1	2
BICTON	1			1
PALMYRA			1	1
South Perth (C)	3			3
COMO	2			2
SALTER POINT	1			1 3 2 1
Victoria Park (T)		1		
BURSWOOD		1		1

RRV 2019 ctd	Apr	May	Jun	Total
SW - Peel	11	6	5	22
Mandurah (C)	7	3	4	14
DAWESVILLE	1			1
ERSKINE	3			3
HALLS HEAD		1	1	2
LAKELANDS	2			2
MANDURAH			3	3
MEADOW SPRINGS	1			1
PARKLANDS		1		1
SAN REMO		1		1
Murray (S)	2	2		4
FURNISSDALE		1		1
PINJARRA		1		1
SOUTH YUNDERUP	2			2
Rockingham (C)	1			1
GOLDEN BAY	1			1
Serpentine-Jarrahdale (S)			1	1
MUNDIJONG			1	1
Waroona (S)	1	1		2
LAKE CLIFTON		1		1
WAROONA	1			1
Total	19	15	10	44





## **Barmah Forest virus (BFV)**

There were no BFV cases reported in this quarter. During 2018/19 there was a total of 3 BFV cases with the last case reported in January 2019 from Wannanup. The long term mean for BFV cases in the South Metro region is up to one case per month.

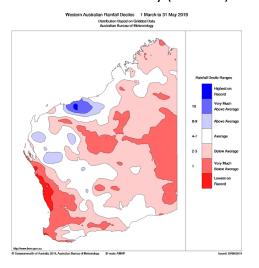
Delivering a Healthy WA

### MEDICAL ENTOMOLOGY - QUARTERLY REPORT FOR WESTERN AUSTRALIA APR - JUN 2019

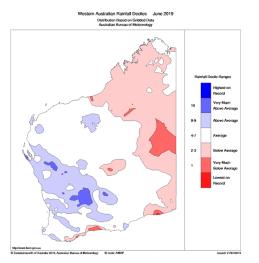


Data reflected in this summary of mosquito-borne disease in the East Metro Region is taken from the Western Australia Notifiable Infectious Disease Database (WANIDD) and includes enhanced surveillance data collected by Population Health Units and Local Governments. (Only locations with notified cases of disease are shown in tables and figures).

# Relative Rainfall Mar - May (Autumn) 2019



## Relative Rainfall June 2019



		Serologically confire	ned do	ctor-ı	notifie	ed an	d lab	orato	ry rep	orte	d case	es of	Ross	Rive	r virus		
			diseas	e eac	h mo	nth in	WA,	July 2	2018 -	June	2019	#					
		#Coi	npiled b	y the	Medic	al En	tomol	ogy, V	VA De	partm	ent of	Healt	h				
REGION			Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Total	Crude	Age std
KIMBERLEY			3	4	0	0	3	0	1	1	1	1	2	1	17	47.1	58.1
PILBARA			0	1	3	0	0	1	0	0	0	3	3	3	14	22.8	17.2
GASCOYNE			1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	10.4	11.2
MIDWEST			0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	5	8.1	7.0
WHEATBELT			2	0	1	1	1	0	1	0	2	0	2	4	14	20.2	18.9
METRO			7	8	12	16	13	7	23	15	13	16	21	11	162	9.4	9.1
		PEEL	5	7	13	10	5	8	18	9	9	11	6	5	106	39.8	38.2
		LESCHENAULT	1	2	2	3	3	2	3	1	6	0	1	4	28	38.0	36.9
		GEOGRAPHE	2	2	3	2	3	2	2	2	4	1	0	2	25	44.6	44.2
		ELSEWHERE SW	0	0	0	1	1	0	2	0	1	1	0	0	6	12.7	11.3
SOUTHWEST			8	11	18	16	12	12	25	12	20	13	7	11	165	37.2	
GREAT SOUTHERN		1	1	0	2	0	2	3	1	2	0	1	1	14	23.1	20.9	
GOLDFIELDS-ESPERANCE		0	1	2	1	1	2	0	0	2	1	0	1	11	43.2	44.4	
WA UNDETERM	MINED		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
INTERSTATE			0	0	1	0	2	1	2	2	0	2	0	1	11		
WA TOTAL (does not include interstate)		22	27	36	36	31	24	53	29	40	35	37	33	403			
(2.2															.,,,		

1) Data current as at 23/07/2019 - table may vary from previous or future versions due to inclusion of additional enhanced surveillance data

Communicable Disease Control Directorate from participating pathology laboratories); Enhanced Surveillance Data (comprising case follow-ups from Environmental Health Officers; patient interviews; Doctor's

3) Month of onset and suburb/town of exposure determined from Enhanced Surveillance Data where available, and from Doctor's notifications or laboratory reports where not available

4) Data varies from official Western Australian Notifiable Infectious Diseases Database records due to inclusion of Enhanced Surveillance Data

suburb" - (e.g. City of Mandurah unknown)

6) Where a place of exposure occurs in a suburb that carries over 2 Local Governments and it is not clearly defined which local government it occurred in, the case has been entered in the Local Government where the largest portion of the suburb occurs

7) This information is the intellectual property of the Biological and Applied Environmental Health Hazards unit of the WA Department of Health and may not be used for any purpose without prior permission



**El Niño** conditions are associated with a decrease in rainfall and tidal activity.

**La Niña** brings wetter and warmer than normal weather which can increase mosquito breeding and mosquito borne diseases.

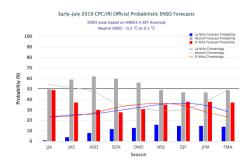
**Positive Indian Ocean Dipole** brings below average winter–spring rainfall, above average temperatures.

# Australian Bureau of Meteorology (BOM) ENSO issued 9 July 2019

The El Niño-Southern Oscillation (ENSO) is currently neutral - neither El Niño nor La Niña. While the possibility of El Niño can't be completely ruled out for 2019, the tropical Pacific Ocean is expected to remain in an ENSO-neutral phase over the coming months meaning the ENSO Outlook remains at **INACTIVE.** Model outlooks indicate a positive Indian Ocean Dipole is likely to be the dominant climate driver for Australia's weather for much of the rest of 2019, meaning an increased likelihood of a drier than average winter-spring.

# International Research Institute for Climate and society IRI ENSO Forecast issued 11 July 2019

The official CPC/IRI outlook, still with an El Niño advisory, calls for a 60% chance of ENSO-neutral by Jul-Sep, and neutral remains the most likely category through northern hemisphere fall and winter.



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# Australian BOM Climate Outlook issued 11 July 2019

A drier than average August to October is likely for large parts of the country, including the northern half of Australia, southwest WA. The month of August is likely to be drier for the far southwest of WA.

Warmer August to October days likely nationwide. Chances are very high (greater than 80%) for the northern half of the country and inland southern WA.

# Nights are also likely to be warmer than average for much of Australia. Historical accuracy for August to October maximum temperatures is moderate to high for most of Australia, except for parts of the Pilbara in WA. Minimum temperature accuracy is moderate for most of Australia but patchy across the southeast quarter and western WA.

