

Government of **Western Australia** Department of **Health**

Medical Entomology Quarterly Report East Metropolitan Health Region: Jul - Sep 2022



health.wa.gov.au

Ross River virus disease case data summary East Metropolitan Health Region: Jul - Sep 2022

Data reflected in this summary of mosquito-borne disease is taken from the Western Australia Notifiable Infectious Disease Database (WANIDD) and includes enhanced surveillance data (ESD) collected by Population Health Units and local governments (only locations with notified cases of disease are shown in tables and figures). Data current as at 7 November 2022.



East Metropolitan Health Region

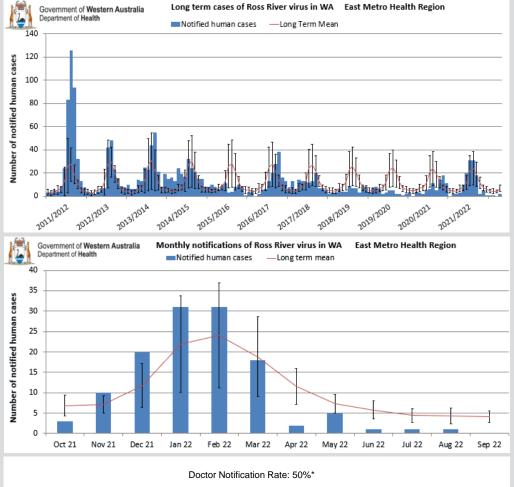
2 RRV cases were notified by lab, including the case from Darlington also notified by doctor. No follow-up data is available for this quarter.

For the region, the number of cases was significantly below the long term mean for all months this quarter.

For LGs, these cases are within the normal range of the long term mean for this quarter.

RRV East Metro 2022	Jul	Aug	Sep	Total
Metro	1	1		2
Gosnells (C)		1		1
SOUTHERN RIVER		1		1
Mundaring (S)	1			1
DARLINGTON	1			1
Total	1	1		2





Follow-up Response Rate for Dr notified cases: 0%**

*calculated as number of Dr notified cases divided by number of lab notified cases.

**calculated by number of follow up surveys (ESD) received divided by number of Dr notified cases. Follow-up can only be requested for Dr notified cases.

Barmah Forest virus disease case data summary East Metropolitan Health Region and State summary: Jul - Sep 2022

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Barmah Forest virus (BFV) Western Australia

4 BFV cases were notified across WA this guarter. including 3 notified by doctor.

Follow-up data is available for the case in Millbrook only.

The number of cases was above for July athe Septembe

Pilbara Karratha

SW - Peel

Total

FALCON

Barmah Forest virus (BFV) **East Metropolitan Health Region**

No BFV cases were notified this quarter.

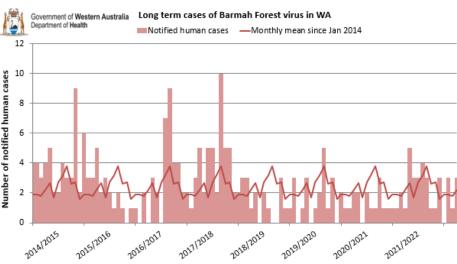
The long term monthly mean is less than one case per month for this region

above for August, but b July athe long term me September.		Tegr	011.			compared to Australiar population age structur
						Government of Western Australia Department of Health
BFV 2022	Jul	Aug	Sep	Total	12	2
Great Southern		1		1	¥1 10)
Albany (C)		1		1	cases	1.1.1
MILLBROOK		1		1	man	3
Pilbara		1		1	d hu	5
Karratha (C)		1		1	otifie	, II *
BULGARRA		1		1	of nc	
SW - Peel		1	1	2	Number of notified human	
Mandurah (C)		1	1	2	Mum 7	

Serologically confirmed doctor-notified and laboratory reported cases of Barmah Forest virus disease each month in WA, July 2022 - June 2023 #

* Com	oiled by t	he Me	dical	Entor	nolog	y, WA	Depa	artme	nt of H	lealth	1				
														*	
REGION	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Total	Crude Rate	Age Std Rate
KIMBERLEY	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2.8	2.7
PILBARA	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1.6	1.0
GASCOYNE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0
MIDWEST	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0
WHEATBELT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0
METRO	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0
SW-PEEL	0	1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	1.4	1.1
SW-LESCHENAULT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0
SW-Geographe	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0
SW-ELSEMHERE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0
SOUTH WEST(Total)	0	1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	0.9	
GREAT SOUTHERN	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1.6	0.9
GOLDFIELDS-ESPERANCE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0
WAUNDETERMINED	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
INTERSTATE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
WA TOTAL (does not include interstate)	0	3	1	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	7		

* Crude Rate per 100, 000 population. Age Standardised Rate per 100, 000 population an Standard Population, to eliminate the effect of differences in ures between geographic areas.



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GREENFIELDS

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Ross River virus disease case data summary Western Australia: Jul - Sep 2022

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Ross River virus (RRV) Western Australia

21 RRV cases were notified across WA, including 13 that were also notified by doctor this quarter. Follow-up data is available for 7 of these cases.

The number of cases across WA was **significantly below the long term mean** this quarter.

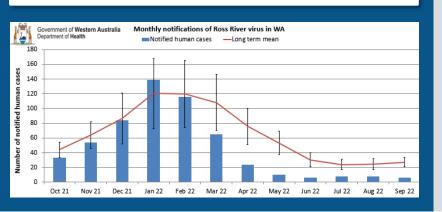
The long term mean is based on all notified RRV cases across WA since July 2002.

Doctor Notification Rate: 62%*

Follow-up Response Rate for Dr notified cases : 54%**

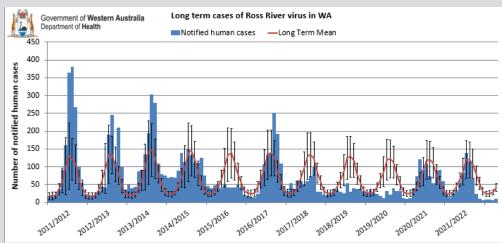
*calculated as number of Dr notified cases divided by number of lab notified cases

**calculated as number of follow up surveys (ESD) received divided by number of Dr notified cases.



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	* Compile	ed by ti	he Me	dical	Entor	noloa	v. WA	Depa	artmei	nt of H	lealth					
									*							
REGION		Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Total	Crude Rate	Age Std Rate
KIMBERLEY		2	1	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	13.9	16.9
PILBARA		0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1.6	1.4
GASCOYNE		0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	21.6	23.9
MIDWEST		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0
WHEATBELT		0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1.5	1.4
METRO		2	2	3	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	11	0.6	0.6
SW-PEEL		2	2	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	1.8	1.9
SW-LESCHENAULT		0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	4.0	3.1
SW-Geographe		1	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	5.1	3.4
SW-ELSEMHERE		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0
SOUTH WEST(Total)		3	2	3	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	11	2.4	
GREAT SOUTHERN		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0
GOLDFIELDS-ESPER	ANCE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0
WA UNDETERMINED		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
INTERSTATE		1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2		
WA TOTAL (does not i	nclude interstate)	7	8	6	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	31		

* Crude Rate per 100, 000 population. Age Standardised Rate per 100, 000 population compared to Australian Standard Population, to eliminate the effect of differences in population age structures between geographic areas.



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Climate outlook for Western Australia Nov - Jan 2023

Increased risk of mosquito borne disease

in coming months

Murray Valley Encephalitis (MVE) and Kunjin virus activity have been detected in sentinel chicken flocks in the Kimberley region in July this year. Flavivirus activity was also detected in the Pilbara region in August. One human case of MVE was confirmed with onset in early July from the West Kimberley region, and is now recovered. Media release was issued 1 August 2022 <u>Murray Valley encephalitis warning for Kimberley</u> region (health.wa.gov.au)

Japanese Encephalitis (JE) virus is closely related to MVE and Kunjin viruses, and has not been detected in WA to date. However, JE activity has been detected in the NT close to the WA border, with two confirmed human cases, one being fatal.

Both La Niña and negative IOD events are currently

underway, likely to be associated with increased tidal/cyclone activity which may create conditions conducive for increased mosquito breeding and virus activity. This is the third consecutive year having La Nina conditions which has only occurred twice since 1950, in 1973-75 and 1998-2000, which also coincided with major outbreaks of MVE in 1974 and 2000. In WA, there were 9 MVE cases notified in 2000.

El Niño-Southern Oscillation (ENSO)

A weather forecast based on interaction between the atmosphere and tropical Pacific Ocean. Conditions can be El Niño, La Niña or neutral:

El Niño: Associated with drier conditions, decreased rainfall and tidal activity. Warmer days in south. Late start to northern wet season with less cyclones and less flooding.

La Niña: Associated with wetter, cooler days and warmer nights (due to increased cloud cover). Earlier start to the northern wet season with more tropical cyclones. More conducive to mosquito breeding and possible mosquito-borne virus activity.

Indian Ocean Dipole (IOD)

Positive IOD: Brings below average winter-spring rainfall, warmer days in the west, warmer nights in the south-west, and cooler nights in the north.

Negative IOD: Brings above average winter-spring rainfall, cooler days in the south, and warmer nights in the north with increased chances of flooding.

Australian BOM Climate Driver Update

Outlook Issued 8 Nov 2022

Pacific Ocean: A La Niña event is under way in the tropical Pacific, and predicted to continue till early 2023. La Niña is usually associated with above average rainfall especially in the north of WA, cooler days and nights in the south of WA and warmer nights in the north of WA.

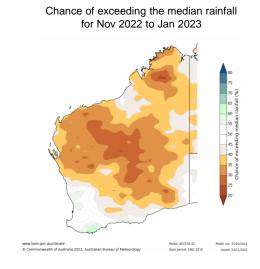
Indian Ocean: A Negative Indian Ocean Dipole (IOD) is currently underway and likely to persist until the end of spring. Negative IOD is usually associated with a wetter than average winter-spring and warmer days and nights in the north of WA.

Southern Ocean: A Positive Southern Annular Mode (SAM) is current and expected to remain positive into early summer. Positive SAM has a drying influence on the south west of Australia.

When La Niña and Negative IOD coincide, the chance of above average summer rainfall increases.

Australian BOM Rainfall Outlook

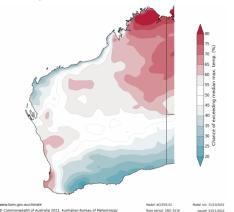
Issued 8 Nov 2022



Rainfall is likely to be below median for large parts of WA. Increased chance of above median rainfall for Great Southern region.

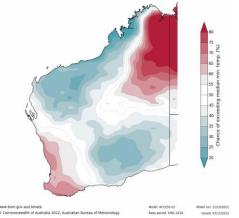
Australian BOM Temperature Outlook Issued 8 Nov 2022

Chance of exceeding the median maximum temperature for Nov 2022 to Jan 2023



Daytime maximum temperatures are likely to be warmer than median for the north-east and south west of WA, and cooler than median for north west and southern coast of WA.

Chance of exceeding the median minimum temperature for Nov 2022 to Jan 2023



Night-time minimum temperatures are very likely to be warmer than median for the eastern Kimberley region, likely to be warmer in the south west of WA, and below median along the Kimberley coast, Pilbara and south eastern WA.