

Medical Entomology Quarterly Report Great Southern Health Region: Oct – Dec 2020



Ross River virus disease case data summary

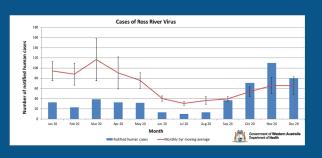
Western Australia: 2020/21

Data reflected in this summary of mosquito-borne disease is taken from the Western Australia Notifiable Infectious Disease Database (WANIDD) and includes enhanced surveillance data collected by Population Health Units and local governments (only locations with notified cases of disease are shown in tables and figures).

Ross River virus (RRV) Western Australia

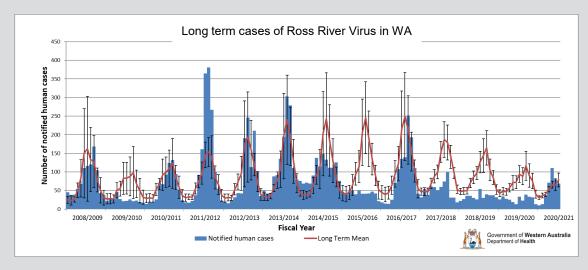
A total of 261 cases of RRV have been reported between 1 October 2020 and 30 December 2020 in Western Australia. Of these 248 cases were notified by Doctor and follow-up data is available for 132 cases.

The number of cases was **significantly above** the 5-year moving average for October and November and **above** average for December.





	Serologically confirme	d doct	or-no	tified	and	labo	rator	у гер	orted	case	s of	Ross	River	virus		
	dise	ease ea	ach m	onth	in W	/Α, Jι	ıly 2 0	20	June	2021	#					
	* Compiled by the Medical Entomology, WA Department of Health															
REGION		Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Total	Crude Rate	Age Std Rate
KIMBERLEY		0	0	2	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	4	11.1	10.8
PILBARA		0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	3.2	3.1
GASCOYNE		0	0	2	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	42.4	41.2
MIDWEST		0	6	9	13	5	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	36	59.2	55.6
WHEATBELT		0	0	1	1	3	2	1	1	0	0	0	0	9	13.1	13.2
METRO		4	1	5	7	9	12	15	1	0	0	0	0	54	3.0	2.8
	PEEL	3	3	8	13	18	11	6	3	0	0	0	0	65	23.9	23.4
	LESCHENAULT	1	0	4	6	17	8	10	2	0	0	0	0	48	64.9	63.1
	GEOGRAPHE	1	2	6	26	47	30	11	1	0	0	0	0	124	217.7	210.0
ELSEWHERE SW		5	0	0	2	4	5	5	0	0	0	0	0	16	33.7	33.7
SOUTH WEST	SOUTH WEST		5	18	47	86	54	32	6	0	0	0	0	253	56.2	
GREAT SOUTHERN		1	1	0	1	4	3	14	4	0	0	0	0	28	46.0	42.3
GOLDFIELDS-ESPERANCE		0	0	0	1	2	5	4	0	0	0	0	0	12	21.8	21.7
WA UNDETERMINED		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
INTERSTATE		0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	2		
WA TOTAL (does not include interstate)		10	13	37	71	110	80	69	12	0	0	0	0	402		



Ross River virus disease case data summary

Great Southern Health Region: Oct – Dec 2020



Data reflected in this summary of mosquito-borne disease is taken from the Western Australia Notifiable Infectious Disease Database (WANIDD) and includes enhanced surveillance data collected by Population Health Units and local governments (only locations with notified cases of disease are shown in tables and figures).

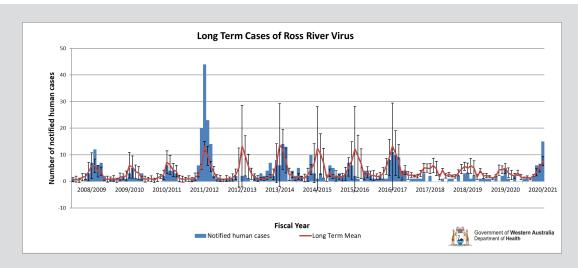
Ross River virus (RRV)

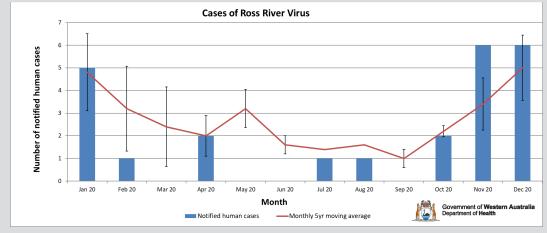
Great Southern Health Region

14 RRV cases for the Great Southern Health Region with all cases notified by Doctor. Follow-up data is available for 9 cases.

The number of cases was average for October and **significantly above** average for November and **above** average for December compared to the 5-year moving average.

RRV 2020	Oct	Nov	Dec	Total
Goldfields-Esperance	1	2	3	6
	4		Ť	
Ravensthorpe (S)	1	2	3	6
HOPETOUN	1	1	3	5
MUNGLINUP		1		1
Great Southern	1	4	3	8
Albany (C)	1	1	2	4
ALBANY			1	1
LOWER KING		1		1
YAKAMIA	1			1
COLLINGWOOD HEIGHTS			1	1
Cranbrook (S)		2		2
CRANBROOK		2		2
Gnowangerup (S)		1		1
AMELUP		1		1
Plantagenet (S)			1	1
MOUNT BARKER			1	1
Total	2	6	6	14





Barmah Forest virus disease case data summary

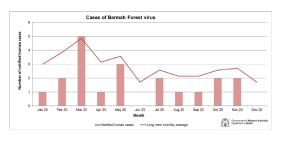
Great Southern Health Region and State summary: Oct - Dec 2020

Data reflected in this summary of mosquito-borne disease is taken from the Western Australia Notifiable Infectious Disease Database (WANIDD) and includes enhanced surveillance data collected by Population Health Units and local governments (only locations with notified cases of disease are shown in tables and figures).

Barmah Forest virus (BFV) Western Australia

A total of 4 cases of BFV have been reported between 1 October 2020 and 30 December 2020 in Western Australia. 3 were notified by Doctor and follow-up data is available for 2 cases.

The number of cases was below the 5-year moving average.

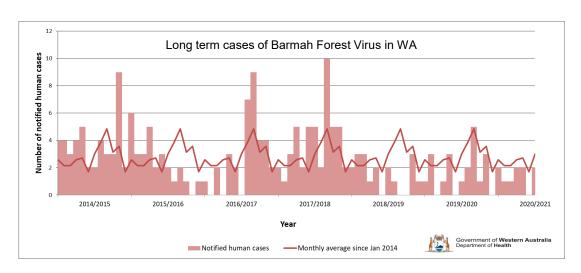


Barmah Forest virus (BFV) Great Southern Health region

No BFV cases were notified in the Great Southern Health Region between October-December 2020.

The 5-year moving average is less than one case per month for this region.

disease each month in WA, July 2020 - June 2021 # **Compiled by the Medical Entomology, WA Department of Health																
															REGION	
KIMBERLEY		2	0	1	1	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	6	16.7	15.1
PILBARA		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0
GASCOYNE		0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	10.6	12.5
MIDWEST		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0
WHEATBELT		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0
METRO		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0
	PEEL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0
	LESCHENAULT	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1.4	1.7
	GEOGRAFHE	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1.8	1.9
	ELSEWHERE SW	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0
SOUTH WEST		0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0.4	
GREAT SOUTHERN		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0
GOLDFIELDS-ESPERANCE		0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1.8	1.6
WA UNDETERMINED		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
INTERSTATE		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
WA TOTAL (does not include interstate)		2	1	1	2	2	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	10		



Climate outlook for Western Australia

Feb-Apr 2021

Predicted impact of climatic conditions on mosquito breeding

La Niña likely past peak but influence continues into early autumn.

The IOD is currently neutral, having less influence on WA's climate and most models suggest it will remain neutral through early autumn.

Impact on mosquito breeding: Above average rainfall conditions and warmer nights (across most of the state) are conducive to mosquito breeding and possible mosquito-borne virus activity. Surveillance of mosquitoes has also detected increased virus prevalence from the metropolitan area and across the SW. No virus activity has been detected in the northern sentinel chicken flocks during 2020/21.

El Niño-Southern Oscillation (ENSO)

A weather forecast based on interaction between the atmosphere and tropical Pacific Ocean. Conditions can be El Niño, La Niña or neutral:

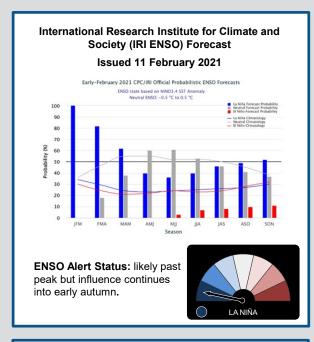
El Niño: Associated with drier conditions, decreased rainfall and tidal activity. Warmer days in south. Late start to northern wet season with less cyclones and less flooding.

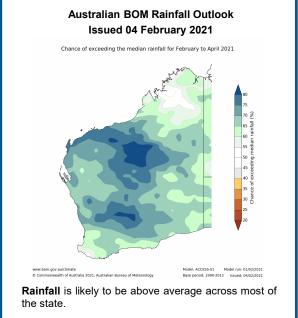
La Niña: Associated with wetter, cooler days and warmer nights (due to increased cloud cover). Earlier start to the northern wet season with more tropical cyclones. More conducive to mosquito breeding and possible mosquito-borne virus activity.

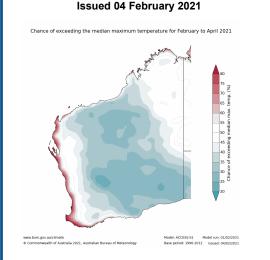
Indian Ocean Dipole (IOD)

Positive IOD: Brings below average winter-spring rainfall, warmer days in the west, warmer nights in the south west, and cooler nights in the north.

Negative IOD: Brings above average winter-spring rainfall, cooler days in the south, and warmer nights in the north with increased chances of flooding.

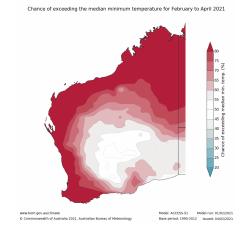






Australian BOM Temperature Outlook

Daytime temperatures are likely to be warmer than average for the coastal areas of WA south from Onslow and at or below average for the rest of the state.



Night-time temperatures are very likely to be warmer than average across most of the state except for the central region.