	Please us	e I.D. label or blo	ck print		
HOSPITAL NAME	SURNAME		UMRN		
FALLS RISK ASSESSMENT AND MANAGEMENT PLAN	GIVEN NAMES		DOB		GENDER
(FRAMP)	ADDRESS				POSTCOD
WARD			TELEP	HONE	
DOCTOR					
On this shift has the patient: Been admitted or transferred from a Had a fall; or Medically deteriorated or improved  YES to ANY	N	O to ALL	<b>→</b>	are in as per	usly sed entions place Shift ft check
Initial Screen Admitted Ward Trai	nsfer  Post Fall  Medical	Condition Change			
☐ Previous FRAMP full					
Does the patient meet any of the following:	Circle Yes or No				
1. Had a fall in the past 12 months?		YES / NO			
Unsteady when walking/transferring or	-	YES / NO	<b>L</b>		
Confused, known cognitive impairmen any of the following: Age, Date of birth	•	YES / NO			
Has urinary or faecal frequency/urgen	cy or nocturia?	YES / NO			
Name:D	esignation: War	d:			
Date: Time:	Signature:			YES to	ο ΔΝΥ
<b>D</b> 0 1 = =			- <b> </b>	Patien	
Re-Screen 1 Ward Transfer Po	<del></del>	on Change			RISK.
Does the patient meet any of the following:	Circle Yes or No	VEQ / NO		Comp	
Had a fall in the past 12 months?  A Unated to when well in a farming of	cusas a walking sidO	YES / NO		pages	•
Unsteady when walking/transferring or     Confused, known cognitive impairmen	9	YES / NO	_		
any of the following: Age, Date of birth	•	YES / NO		NO to	
4. Has urinary or faecal frequency/urgen	cy or nocturia?	YES / NO		Comp page	
Name:D	esignation: War	·d:		and ch	
Date: Time:	Signature:			Minim	um entions
			<b>-  </b>	are in	
Re-Screen 2  Ward Transfer Po	ost Fall	on Change			
Does the patient meet any of the following:	Circle Yes or No				
1. Had a fall in the past 12 months?		YES / NO			
Unsteady when walking/transferring or	· ·	YES / NO			
Confused, known cognitive impairmen any of the following: Age, Date of birth		YES / NO	۲		
4. Has urinary or faecal frequency/urgen	cy or nocturia?	YES / NO			
Name:D	esignation: War	d:			
Date: Time:	Signature:				

MR XXX FALLS RISK ASSESSMENT AND MANAGEMENT PLAN (FRAMP)

Please use I.D. label or block prin
-------------------------------------

HOSPITAL NAME	SURNAME	UMRN	
<b>FALLS RISK ASSESSMENT</b>			
AND MANAGEMENT PLAN	GIVEN NAMES	DOB	GENDER
(FRAMP)			
(I IXAIVIE)	ADDRESS		POSTCODE
WARD			
		TELEPHONE	
DOCTOR			

## OTHER INDIVIDUALISED INTERVENTIONS

Document other individualised interventions below.

Interventions can be added by any member of the multidisciplinary team when discussed with the nurse in charge of care – e.g. Nurses, Allied Health, Medical Officer, Pharmacists

Name and Designation	Date	Intervention	Date actioned and by whom	Date ceased and by whom

# **COMMUNICATION AND INFORMATION TO PATIENTS AND CARERS**

This section is for patients identified at risk of falls.

At each screen provide updated information about the risks for falling and plan care in partnership with patient and carer. If unable to discuss e.g. confused/low GCS and no carer, then tick unable.

	Date Discussed	Staff Member Name	Staff Member Signature	Whom Falls Risk Was Discussed With
Initial Screen	1 1			Patient Carer Unable
Re-Screen 1	1 1			Patient Carer Unable
Re-Screen 2	1 1			Patient Carer Unable

### **Important Practice Points**

These patients need particular care managing their falls risk.

- Patients on **anticoagulant**, **antiplatelet** therapy and/ or patients with a known **coagulopathy** are at an increased risk of intracranial haemorrhage from falls.
  - -Alcohol dependent persons, people with liver disease and people with bleeding disorders are considered coagulopathic.
  - NB. Refer to local post-fall management procedure for more information.
- Patients who are known to be **osteoporotic** or who have suffered low trauma fractures in the past are at increased risk of sustaining a fracture even from mild falls.
- Consider discussing with the team, vitamin D supplementation (Cholecalciferol 1000units/day) for those patients with longer lengths of stay, vitamin D level < 60nmol/L or whom reside in residential care.

Page 1 of 4 Page 4 of 4

DATE			
RISK ASSESSMENT and INDIVIDUALISED INTERVENTIONS	Initial	Re-Screen	Re-Screen
MOBILITY RISKS Does the patient:	Screen If risk ic	า dentified in	itial box
Require assistance with mobility/transfer?			
Have poor coordination, balance, gait or uncorrected visual impairment?			
FUNCTIONAL ABILITY RISKS			
Is the patient unsteady, disorganised or require assistance when attending to ADLs?			
INTERVENTIONS	Initial if a	appropriate fo	or patient
Assess, document and provide mobility aids and level of assistance required.			
Discuss and confirm with the patient what level of assistance they require (including mobility aids), and/or their need to call and wait for assistance.			
Refer to Physiotherapist for a comprehensive mobility assessment.			
Refer to Occupational Therapist (OT) for functional assessment.			
MEDICATIONS/MEDICAL CONDITION RISKS  Some medications are associated with falls. Has the patient been prescribed:	If risk ic	dentified in	itial box
-Psychoactive medication e.g. benzodiazepines, antipsychotics, antidepressants?			
-New or old medication that may affect their blood pressure?			
Does the patient take more than 5 medications of any sort?			
Does the patient report dizziness or presented following a fall/collapse?			
INTERVENTIONS	Initial if a	appropriate fo	or patient
Liaise with Medical Officer (MO) or Pharmacist for review of medication associated with falls.			
If reporting dizziness, check lying/standing blood pressure. If a postural drop >20mmHg systolic or >10mmHg diastolic present, discuss plan of care with MO.			
Educate patient to stand up slowly and wait until dizziness resolves before mobilising. If dizziness persists, discuss plan of care with MO.			
COGNITIVE STATE RISKS Does the patient have:	If risk ic	lentified in	itial box
Previous delirium or known diagnosis of dementia?			
New or worsening memory impairment, confusion or disorientation?			
Drowsiness, is easily distracted, withdrawn or depressed?			
INTERVENTIONS	Initial if a	appropriate fo	or patient
Establish a baseline cognitive screen eg Abbreviated Mental Test (AMT).			
If result abnormal (e.g. AMT <8) refer to OT or MO for prompt review.			
Remain in attendance at all times when the patient is toileting or showering as this is a high risk activity for the patient.			
If agitated commence behaviour observation chart to assist behaviour management plan.			
Avoid use of bedrails due to climbing/entrapment risk and consider low-low bed.			
Set an alarm system in place to alert when patient is trying to get up unaided.			
Re-orientate patient and ask family to assist in orientating and settling patient.			
Increase frequency of patient checks to pro-actively attend to patient needs.			
CONTINENCE/ELIMINATION RISKS Does the patient:	If risk ic	dentified in	itial box
Require assistance with toileting?			
Have constipation, urinary or faecal frequency/urgency or nocturia?			
INTERVENTIONS  Notice that the state of the	Initial if a	appropriate fo	or patient
Monitor/record toileting needs to check frequency, retention or constipation. Use site specific documentation.			
Review toileting needs with patient daily including frequency, patients requirement for continence/ toileting aids and assistance required to access toilet facilities.			
Complete urinalysis. If abnormal, discuss with MO if MSU indicated.			
PATIENT REQUIRES INTERVENTIONS OTHER THAN ABOVE (SEE PAGE 4)			

Please use	I.D.	label	or	bloc	k prin
------------	------	-------	----	------	--------

HOSPITAL NAME	SURNAME	UMRN	
FALLS RISK ASSESSMENT			_
AND MANAGEMENT PLAN	GIVEN NAMES	DOB	GENDER
(FRAMP)	ADDRESS		POSTCODE
(* 1 = 1111 )	ADDRESS		FOSTCODE
WARD		TELEPHONE	
DOCTOR			

# MINIMUM INTERVENTIONS To be implemented for ALL patients as appropriate

- Provide ongoing orientation for patient to bed area, toilet facilities and ward.
- Demonstrate the use of call bell, ensure it is in reach and that they can use it effectively.
- Ensure frequently used items including mobility aids are within easy reach of patient.
- Encourage patient to use their aids such as glasses or hearing aids.
- Adjust bed and chair to appropriate height for patient.
- Minimise prolonged bed-rest as it contributes to negative cardiovascular and muscle effects that may lead to falls.
- Place IV pole and all other devices/attachments on exit side of bed.
- Remove clutter and obstacles from room.
- Provide adequate lighting according to patient activities/needs.
- Encourage patient to take adequate fluids and nutrition.
- Optimise footwear where possible- discourage walking in socks/compression stockings or ill-fitting footwear. Bare feet (if there is no infection risk) and non-slip socks are acceptable.
- Educate that all inpatients are at increased risk of falling due to injury / illness / medications.

# SHIFT BY SHIFT CHECK

If the patient has had a FALL or MEDICAL CONDITION CHANGE or WARD TRANSFER re-screen on page 1

Instructions:	olow	to or	nfirm	. whi	ob int	05/01	ation	o oro	imple	omon	tod o	aah	ohift								
	Date [				which interventions are imple  Date Date Date						Date			Date			Date		Date / /		
Week 1	AM	PM	ND	AM	PM	ND	AM	PM	ND	AM	PM	ND	AM	PM	ND	AM	PM	ND	AM	PM	ND
Minimum Interventions ONLY OR																					
Minimum AND Individualised Interventions																					
		Date		1	Date			Date			Date		l .	Date			Date		Date		
Week 2	AM	<i>I</i> PM	ND	AM	<i>I</i> PM	ND	AM	<i>I</i> PM	ND	AM	<i>I</i> PM	ND	AM	<i>I</i> I	ND	AM	/ / PM	ND	AM	<i>l l</i>	ND
Minimum Interventions ONLY OR																					
Minimum AND Individualised Interventions																					
		Date		1	Date		Date			Date Date				Date			Date				
Week 3	AM	PM	ND	AM	<i>I</i> PM	ND	AM	<i>I</i> PM	ND	AM	<i>I</i> PM	ND	AM	<i>I</i> PM	ND	AM	<i>I</i> PM	ND	AM	<i>I I</i>	ND
Minimum Interventions ONLY OR																					
Minimum AND Individualised Interventions																					
		Date /		1	Date /			Date			Date			Date		Date / /			1	Date	
Week 4	AM	PM	ND	AM	PM	ND	AM	PM	ND	AM	PM	ND	AM	PM	ND	AM	PM	ND	AM	PM	ND
Minimum Interventions ONLY OR																					
Minimum AND																					

Page 2 of 4